## Claims:

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- Isolated nucleic acid sequence coding for a
  polypeptide having acetohydroxy acid synthetase (AHAS)
  activity selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) a nucleic acid sequence according to SEQ. ID No: 1 or SEQ. ID NO: 3;
  - b) a nucleic acid sequence comprising in position 21 and 22 a base triplet coding for Asp and Phe, respectively;
- c) a nucleic acid sequence hybridising under stringent conditions with those of a) or b);
  - d) a nucleic acid sequence having a homology of at least 70% with those of a) or b);
  - e) a nucleic acid coding for a polypeptide having at least 80% homology on amino acid level with the polypeptide coded by a) or b);
  - f) a nucleic acid coding for a polypeptide with improved activity and/or selectivity and/or stability as compared with the polypeptide coded by
    - a) or b), prepared byi) mutagenesis of a nucleic acid of a) or b),
      - ii) ligating the nucleic acid sequence obtainable from i) into a suitable vector followed by transformation into a suitable expression system and
      - iii) expression and detection of the critical
        polypeptide with improved activity and/or
        selectivity and/or stability;
  - g) polynucleotide containing at least 15 successive bases of the polynucleotide sequences of a) - f).
  - A polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
    - a) a polypeptide coded by a nucleic acid sequence according to Claim 1;
    - b) a polypeptide having a sequence in accordance with SEQ. ID NO: 2 or SEQ. ID NO: 4;
    - c) a polypeptide which is at least 84 % homologous to

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a polypeptide with SEQ. ID NO: 2 or SEQ: ID NO. 4, without the activity and/or selectivity and/or stability of the polypeptide being substantially reduced as compared with the polypeptide with SEQ. ID NO: 2 or SEQ. ID NO: 4.

- Plasmids, vectors, micro-organisms comprising one or more nucleic acid sequences according to Claims 1.
- 4. Primers for preparing by means of PCR or hybridisation probes for detecting the nucleic acid sequences according to Claim 1.
- 5. A process for preparing improved rec-polypeptides with acetohydroxy acid synthetase (AHAS) activity starting from nucleic acid sequences in accordance with Claim 1,
- 15 characterised in that
  - a) the nucleic acid sequences are subjected to mutagenesis,
  - b) the nucleic acid sequences obtainable from a) are cloned in a suitable vector and these are transferred into a suitable expression system and
  - c) the polypeptides with improved activity and/or selectivity and/or stability which are formed are detected and isolated.
- 6. rec-polypeptides or nucleic acid sequences coding for these, obtainable in accordance with Claim 5.
  - 7. The use of the polypeptides in accordance with Claim 2 or 6 to prepare enantiomer-enriched branched-chain amino acids.
- 8. Use of the nucleic acid sequences in accordance with

  Claim 1 or 6 to prepare an amino acid producing microorganism.

- 9. Process for the production of a branched-chain amino acid using a polypeptide of Claim 2.
- 10. Vector pECKA or pECKA/ilvBNC.
- 11. Micro-organisms: DSM15652, DSM15651, DSM15650.